

December 6, 2016

The Honorable Ryan Smith Chairman House Finance Committee 77 S. High St., 13th Floor Columbus, OH 43215

Re: SB 332 - Prohibition on Manufacturer of Baby Products

Dear Chairman Smith,

I write to express concern with portions of Senate Bill 332 (-13 version pending in Finance).

New language is contained in the bill, beginning on line 1683, that prohibits the manufacture of a certain product in Ohio. The baby product(s) in question are not prohibited by the federal government, nor by some other states. While there may be a legitimate debate over the safety of products in question, the imposition of state-by-state limitations on the manufacture of a specific product is unwise and sets bad precedent.

Advocates who manufacture baby bumper pads and related products have testified before the Committee and presented expertise that policy makers will want to understand before going to the extreme step of banning the production of a certain product within our state boundaries.

In order to prevent an unwise precedent, please consider removal of "manufacture" and "manufacturing" from the new language contained in R.C. 3713.021 (see attached). In its current form, the new permanent law would prohibit certain products from being manufactured in Ohio.

Manufacturers are supportive of childhood safety, however when product safety limitations justify regulation of the manufacturer, a uniform federal regulation is always preferable to a patchwork of state laws that can disadvantage states. I thank you for considering these perspectives to maintain Ohio's manufacturing competitiveness.

Sincerely,

Rvan Augsburger

Vice President and Managing Director of Public Policy Services

sell the article of bedding or stuffed toy.	1682
Sec. 3713.021. (A) No person shall recklessly manufacture,	1683
offer for sale, sell, deliver, or possess for the purpose of	1684
manufacturing, selling, or delivering a crib bumper pad.	1685
(B) The superintendent of industrial compliance shall	1686
issue a notice of violation to any person found to have violated	1687
division (A) of this section.	1688
Sec. 3713.022. (A) No person shall recklessly manufacture,	1689
offer for sale, sell, deliver, or possess for the purpose of	1690
manufacturing, selling, or delivering a mesh crib liner intended	1691
for placement between a crib mattress and one or more of the	1692
crib's inner sides that does not comply with consumer product	1693
safety standards governing such liners that are promulgated	1694
after October 9, 2016, by the United States consumer product	1695
safety commission (pursuant to section 104 of the "Consumer	1696
Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008," 15 U.S.C. 2056a, as	1697
amended) for the purpose of ensuring sufficient permeability and	1698
breathability so as to prevent infant suffocation.	1699
(B) In the absence of standards described in division (A)	1700
of this section, no person shall, beginning three years after	1701
the effective date of this section, recklessly manufacture,	1702
offer for sale, sell, deliver, or possess for the purpose of	1703
manufacturing, selling, or delivering a mesh crib liner.	1704
(C) The superintendent of industrial compliance shall	1705
issue a notice of violation to any person found to have violated	1706
division (A) or (B) of this section.	1707
Sec. 3713.99. (A) Whoever violates division (A), (B), or	1708
(D) of section 3713.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	1709
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1710